Referee1

Review of: Irreversible ocean thermal expansion under negative CO₂ emissions D. Ehlert and K. Zickfeld **Overall evaluation:**

The manuscript investigates the reversibility of thermal sea-level-rise under idealized climate scenarios where CO2 concentration increases exponentially, for 140 years and then are symmetrically return to pre-industrial concentration. Consistent with previous studies the manuscript finds that sea-level-fall lags the reduction in atmospheric CO2 concentration and global temperature. The study shows that this behaviour is robust to the parameterization scheme used to close meridional overturning circulation.

Overall the manuscript is a solid contribution to the understanding the dynamics of the Earth system under reversibility scenarios, and fills a gap in the literature by exploring a major uncertainty left by previous studies. I recommend that the paper undergo minor revisions.

Response: We want to thank the reviewer for a helpful and detailed review.

General Comments:

The study is clearly intended as a sensitivity study and is generally presented in that way. However, it should be noted in the manuscript (the discussion would be a good place) that the scenarios used are highly idealized and deeply unrealistic. I accept the 1%-up 1%-down scenarios have been used extensively in the study of reversibility of climate change but the shape of these scenarios is implausible. Going from 11ppm increase in CO2 to an 11ppm decrease in CO2 concentration in a single year is technologically absurd. CO2 concentration pathways shaped like bell-curves, would make much more sense for these kind of idealized reversibility studies.

The shape of the CO2 pathway is particularly important for exploring the reversibility of sealevel-rise as the longer radiative forcing exceeds the radiative response the higher thermal sealevel rise will be and the longer it will take to dissipate the ocean heat to back to space.

To be clear I do not wish the authors to re-do their study with new CO2 pathways, the study as-is is a satisfactory contribution to literature, I simply wish for the effect of the shape of the scenarios to be noted and discussed.

Response: Thank you for pointing out this gap in the discussion. We agree and have included a discussion of it in the manuscript.

Specific Comments:

Page 2 line 6 - 7: This is not quite true, the scenarios used in the cited papers follow unrealistic emissions pathways (1%-up 1%-down). The actual technological feasibility of large-scale atmospheric CO2 removal is unknown and will likely extend over many lifetimes. Response: This is not true for the Tokarska and Zickfeld, 2015 paper, where emission reduction rate were restricted to a maximum decline of 4% per year relative to year 2000.

Page 3 line 18 - 19: Should note that the version of the climate model you use does not have ice sheets. If I recall correctly other versions of the model do have ice sheets. Response: Thank you for pointing out this negligence.

Figure 2: Why does the X-axis of b - d stop at 1oC? Response: To enable readability of temperature differences in the deep ocean between model versions. The surface ocean temperatures can be inferred from global mean surface air temperature time series.

Figure 6 & 7: Is having both panels necessary? Panel a & b appear to be identical except for the zero of the Y-axis.

Response: We prefer keeping both panels, as the b panels are essential the show the stronger intensification/overshoot of some of the low mixing cases relative to the high mixing cases. However, only showing the change relative to year 0 might be misleading. We chose to combine Figure 6 and 7 into one figure.

Page 14 line 31: The quantity is usually called 'radiative response', not 'radiative damping'. Damping is an odd way the conceptualize the restoration of planetary energy balance.

Response: We choose to use the same wording as in Zickfeld et.al. 2017 to clarify to readers that the same underlying theoretical idea is used.

Page 15 lines 32 – 35: This seems slightly confused. The ocean models are intentionally made too diffusive to close meridional overturning circulation (e.g. Munk & Wunsch, 1998) because the processes that control MOC closure occur at too small a scale to capture with most ocean models (Marshall & Speer, 2012). The lines as written seem to imply we should just turn down the diffusivity in our ocean models.

Response: Thank you for pointing out this potential misunderstanding. We rephrased the sentences to make this point more clear.

Typos, style and grammar:

The equations are unnumbered. Response: We included numbering for the equations.

Variables in-text should be italicized. Response: They have been italicized now.

Page 1 line 8: The abbreviation 'TSLR' is only used once. Response: It is being used three time (incl. The time the abbreviation is included). We prefer to keep the abbreviation in the abstract as we think it improves the abstract's readability.

Page 1 line 9: Change "thousand" to 'a thousand' Response: Has been included.

Page 1 line 22 – 24: The sentence should be re-written for clarity. Response: The sentence has been re-phrased to improve clarity.

Page 1 line 24: delete 'though' Response: Has been deleted.

Page 1 line 25: Change 'applied' to 'tested', and 'that do' after 'scenarios' Response: Changed accordingly.

Page 2 line 11: 'they' is ambiguous. Response: The sentence has been adjusted to improve clarity.

Page 2 line 30: "The thereby induced increase" reads wrong, please re-write for clarity. Response: The sentences has been rephrased.

Page 3 line 32: Spelling error in 'McWilliams'. Response: It has been changed.

Page 5 line 20: Using a two character symbol for radiative forcing is confusing (it implies you are multiplying two quantities together). Maybe use RF for radiative forcing or just F. Response: RF has been replaced with RF in the text and equations.

Figure 1: Maybe use dashed and dotted lies to separate the various gray vertical lines. Response: The line styles have been changed.

Figure 2 caption: change 'continuous line' to 'solid line'. All the lines are continuous in the mathematical sense of the word.

Response: Thank you for pointing to this error. It has been changed accordingly.

Page 9 line 5: Use times symbol (\$\times\$ in latex) is place of '*' Response: It has been replaced.

References:

Marshall, J. and K. Speer, 2012: Closure of the meridional overturning circulation through southern ocean upwelling. Nature Geoscience, 5 (3), 171 - 180.

Munk, W. and C. Wunsch, 1998: Abyssal recipes ii: energetics of tidal and wind mixing. Deep Sea Research Part I: Oceanographic Research Papers, 45 (12), 1977 - 2010.